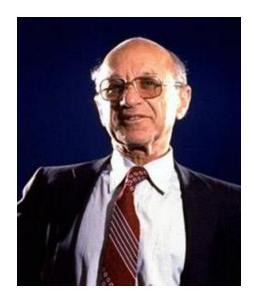


Corporate Social Responsibility



Milton Friedman: Nobel Prize 1978

"...there is only one social responsibility for companies and that is to make as much money as possible..."

Defining CSR: The Myth of the Amoral Firm

The Telegraph





Pepsi dumps cancer-causing chemical

By Tyler Falk | July 8, 2013, 7:56 AM PDT



While Coca-Cola made news recently for a bottle made of ice, Pepsi is making news for a troubling chemical inside its bottles.

The chemical in question is called 4-methylimidazole (4-MeI) and it's used for the soda's carmel coloring. The problem? It's a known carcinogen. It causes cancer.

Defining CSR: The myth of the 'free market'

"...the doctrine of 'social responsibility' involves the acceptance of the socialist view that <u>political mechanisms</u>, not <u>market mechanisms</u>, are the appropriate way to determine the

allocation of scarce resources to alternative

uses."

- Milton Friedmon





Milton Friedman

"...there is only one social responsibility for companies and that is to make as much money as possible...

...while conforming to the basic rules of society, both those embodied in law and those embodied in ethical custom."



What is "responsibility"?



- 1. Causal
- 2. Official
- 3. Capacity

Defining CSR

UNCTAD

CSR = the rights and responsibilities assigned to private industry.





Defining CSR







Labour practices:

- child labour
- forced labour
- right to organise
- OSH

Environmental conditions

- water & air emissions
- bio-diversity, climate change

Human rights

- links with security forces and complicity in extra-judicial killings
- impacts on access to water, health, food, education, shelter
- impact on minorities and indigenous peoples
- lack of access to remedy

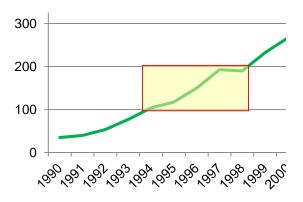
Poverty Alleviation

- create employment
- contribute to public revenues
- transfer skills and technology

Bribery and corruption

Why does corporate policy matter?

Governance gaps, consolidation of market share, GVCs



FDI Inflows to Developing and Transition Economies (\$Billions)

Source: UNCTAD

Why does corporate policy matter?

Private policy, at a large enough scale, is equivalent to public policy.

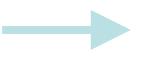






Key trend: evolution in the application of international principles

From this: Early Globalization: international principles apply *only* to governments



To this: Later Globalization: international principles apply to governments and companies





CSR Drivers: international initiatives



ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy (MNE Declaration)



UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights



UN Global Compact

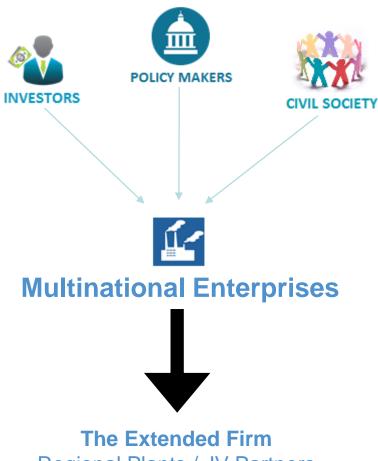


OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (GMNE)



ISO26000 Guidance on Social Responsibility

CSR management



Regional Plants / JV Partners
Suppliers / Distributors

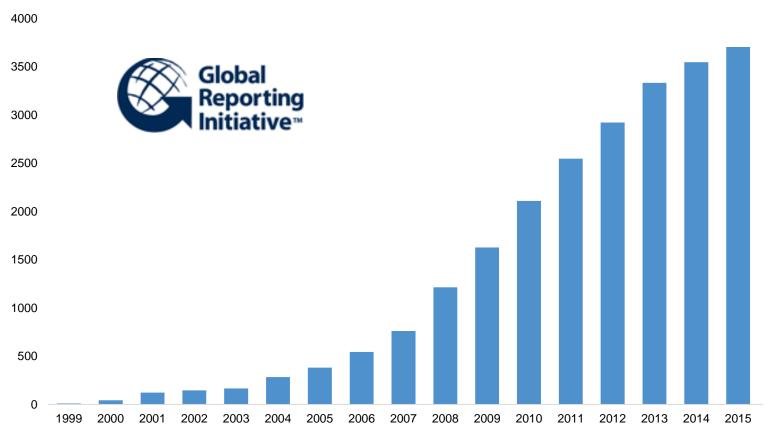
Policies: codes

Systems: compliance management

Reporting: accountability



CSR management



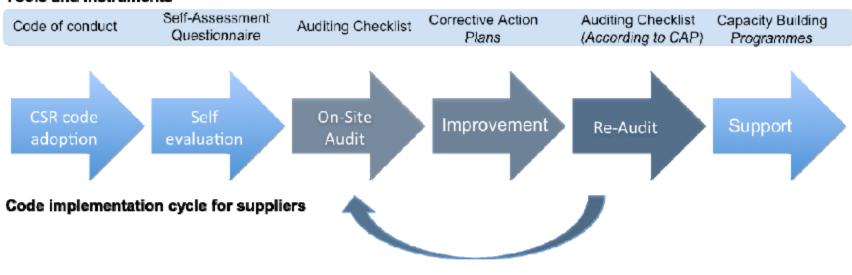
Growth in Corporate Sustainability Reports



Code implementation puts requirements on suppliers

Overview of typical code implementation process

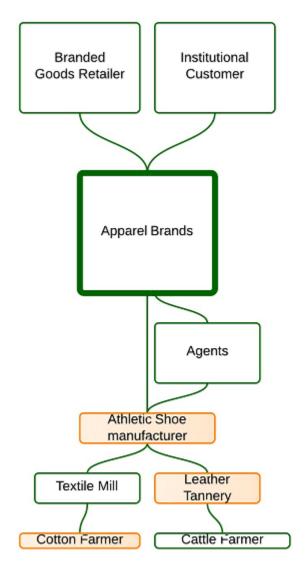
Tools and instruments



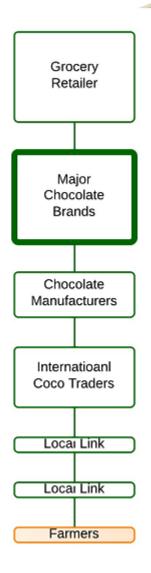
Every 6 month to 4 years

Source: UNCTAD

CSR management: value chain specific

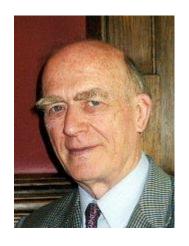






Implications for Development





David Henderson

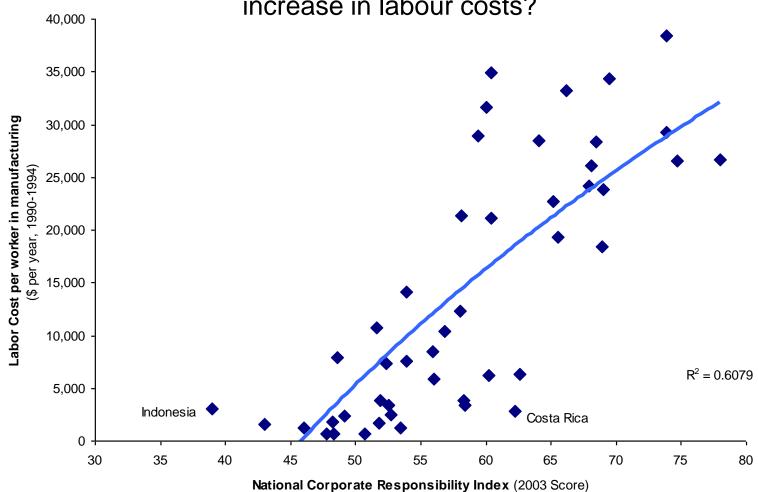
"[CSR]'s adoption would reduce competition and economic freedom, and undermine the market economy."

"...[CSR] is liable to hold back the development of poor countries through the suppression of employment opportunities within them."

Be careful of what you think you know

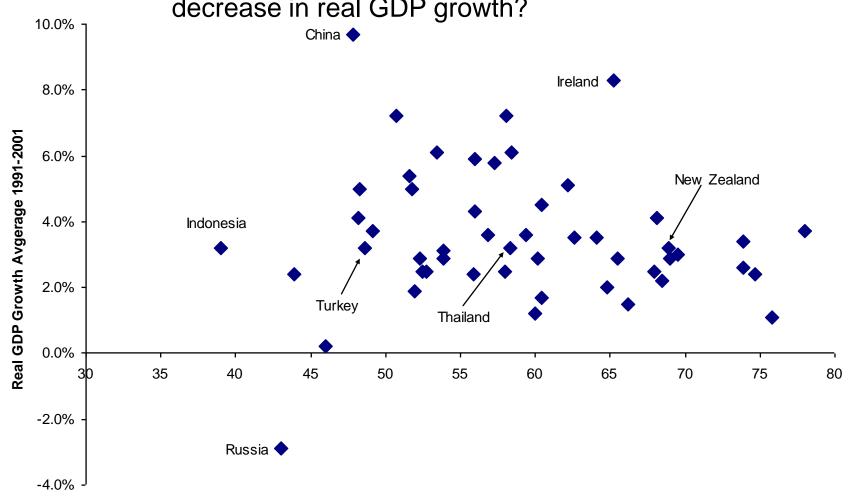


Does an increase in CSR correspond with an increase in labour costs?









Dr. Anthony Miller

CSR Focal Point

Investment & Enterprise Division



anthony.miller@unctad.org



@DrAnthonyMiller

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